MACHEREY-NAGEL

User manual

Bioanalysis

Genomic DNA from tissue

- NucleoSpin® 8 Tissue
- NucleoSpin® 8 Tissue Core Kit

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Table of contents

1 Components 4

1.1 Kit contents 4

1.2 Reagents to be supplied by user 5

1.3 About this user manual 5

2 Product description 6

2.1 The basic principle 6

2.2 Kit specifications 6

2.3 Required hardware 7

2.4 Accessories supplied for use of the NucleoSpin® 8 Tissue Core Kit 8

2.5 Automated processing on robotic platforms 11

2.6 Elution procedures 11

3 Storage conditions and preparation of working solutions 13

4 Safety instructions 14

4.1 Disposal 14

5 Protocols 15

5.1 NucleoSpin® 8 Tissue – centrifuge processing 15

5.2 NucleoSpin® 8 Tissue – vacuum processing 19

6 Appendix 25

6.1 Troubleshooting 25

6.2 Ordering information 26

6.3 Product use restriction / warranty 28

1 Components

1.1 Kit contents

	NucleoSpin® 8 Tissue	
REF	**12 × 8 preps 740740**	**60 × 8 preps 740740.5**
Lysis Buffer T1	50 mL	125 mL
Binding Buffer BQ1	25 mL	125 mL
Wash Buffer B5 (Concentrate) [1]	50 mL	2 × 100 mL
Wash Buffer BW	75 mL	3 × 125 mL
Elution Buffer BE [2]	60 mL	2 × 125 mL
Proteinase K (lyophilized) [1]	75 mg	5 × 75 mg
Proteinase Buffer PB	8 mL	35 mL
NucleoSpin® Tissue Binding Strips (green rings)	12	60
MN Square-well Blocks	2	10
MN Wash Plates [3]	1	5
Rack of Tube Strips [4]	1	5
Self-adhering PE Foil	5	25
User Manual	1	1

[1] For preparation of working solutions and storage conditions see section 3.

[2] Elution Buffer BE: 5 mM Tris/HCl, pH 8.5

[3] For use with vaccum only

[4] Set of 1 rack, 12 strips with 8 tubes each, and Cap Strips included

Kit contents continued

	NucleoSpin® 8 Tissue Core Kit
REF	**48 × 8 preps** **740453.4**
Lysis Buffer T1	100 mL
Binding Buffer BQ1	100 mL
Wash Buffer B5 (Concentrate) [1]	2 × 100 mL
Wash Buffer BW	2 × 125 mL
Elution Buffer BE [2]	125 mL
Proteinase K (lyophilized) [1]	4 × 75 mg
Proteinase Buffer PB	15 mL
NucleoSpin® Tissue Binding Strips (green rings)	48
User manual	1

1.2 Reagents to be supplied by user

- 96 – 100 % ethanol (for preparation of working solutions; see section 3)

For more detailed information regarding special hardware required for centrifuge or vacuum processing, please see section 2.3.

For recommended accessories for use of the flexible **NucleoSpin® 8 Tissue Core Kit** (reduced kit composition; REF 740453.4), please see section 2.4.

1.3 About this user manual

It is strongly recommended reading the detailed protocol sections of this user manual if the **NucleoSpin® 8 Tissue** kit or the **NucleoSpin® 8 Tissue Core** kit is used for the first time. Experienced users, however, may refer to the Protocol at a glance instead. The Protocol at a glance is designed to be used only as a supplemental tool for quick referencing while performing the purification procedure.

All technical literature is available on the internet at ***www.mn-net.com***.

Please contact Technical Service regarding information about changes of the current user manual compared to previous revisions. Note: Buffer B3 is delivered premixed now.

[1] For preparation of working solutions and storage conditions see section 3.

[2] Elution Buffer BE: 5 mM Tris/HCl, pH 8.5

2 Product description

2.1 The basic principle

The **NucleoSpin® 8 Tissue** kit is designed for the efficient isolation of high molecular weight genomic DNA from tissue samples or cells. With the **NucleoSpin® 8 Tissue** procedure, sample lysis is achieved by incubation of the samples in a solution containing SDS and Proteinase K. Appropriate conditions for binding of DNA to the silica membrane in the NucleoSpin® Tissue Binding Strips are created by addition of large amounts of chaotropic salt and ethanol to the lysate. The binding process is reversible and specific to nucleic acids. While DNA is kept on the silica membrane, contaminations are removed by washing with two different wash buffers. Pure genomic DNA is finally eluted under low ionic strength conditions in a slightly alkaline elution buffer.

2.2 Kit specifications

- **NucleoSpin® 8 Tissue** is designed for the rapid preparation of highly pure genomic DNA from tissue, for example, mouse and rat tails, organ tissue, or animal or bacterial cells. The purified DNA can be used directly as template for PCR, blotting, or any kind of enzymatic reactions.
- This kit provides reagents and consumables for purification of up to 40 µg (average 20 µg) of pure genomic DNA from up to 20 mg tissue samples with an A_{260}/A_{280} ratio between 1.8 and 1.9 and a typical concentration of 100 – 200 ng/µL.
- From up to two 0.5 cm long mouse tail tip section (age of mice: 4 – 6 weeks), up to 35 µg of pure genomic DNA can be prepared (typical yields: 15 – 25 µg).
- **NucleoSpin® 8 Tissue** can be processed by vacuum or in a centrifuge. The kit allow easy automation on common liquid handling instruments.
- The **NucleoSpin® 8 Tissue** kits allow for the purification of multiples of 8 samples. The kits are supplied with accessory plates for highest convenience. The kits are designed for manual or automated use in a centrifuge or for use with a vacuum manifold. The **NucleoSpin® 8 Tissue Core Kit** provides the buffers, Proteinase K and NucleoSpin® Tissue Binding Strips only. Accessory components (e.g., lysis plates, elution plates) are not provided with the core kit but can be individually selected from a variety of suitable accessories (see section 2.4 for further information). This allows highest flexibility for the user.

Table 1: Kit specifications at a glance	
Parameter	**NucleoSpin® 8 Tissue**
Format	8-well strips
Processing	Manual and automated, vacuum or centrifugation
Sample material	Up to 20 mg tissue, up to 10^6 cultured cells, bacteria
Typical yield	15 – 25 µg
A_{260}/A_{280}	1.8 – 1.9
Elution volume	100 – 200 µL
Preparation time	20 min/6 strips (excl. lysis)
Binding capacity	40 µg
Use	For research use only

2.3 Required hardware

NucleoSpin® 8 Tissue can be processed under vacuum or with centrifugation. Certain hardware for processing is required.

Centrifugation

For processing the 8-well strips under centrifugation, the Starter Set C (see ordering information, section 6.2), containing Column Holders C, NucleoSpin® Dummy Strips, MN Square-well Blocks, and Rack of Tube Strips is required.

For centrifugation with Column Holder C (with inserted NucleoSpin® Tissue Binding Strips) stacked on a MN Square-well Block or Rack of Tube Strips, a microtiter plate centrifuge is required. which is able to accommodate the above mentioned sandwich and reach accelerations of 5,600 – 6,000 x *g* is required (bucket height: 85 mm).

Regarding waste collection, suitable consumables (e.g., MN Square-well Blocks) are necessary and they are not included in the kit. For the most convenient handling, without the need of emptying and reusing the MN Square-well Blocks, we recommend using six MN Square-well Blocks if two 96-well plates are processed at once (see ordering information, section 6.2). Alternatively, it is possible to empty the MN Square-well Blocks after every centrifugation step, reducing the amount of MN Square-well Blocks needed.

Vacuum processing

For processing 8-well strips under vacuum, the Starter Set A (see ordering information, section 6.2), containing Column Holders A and NucleoSpin® Dummy Strips is required.

For **automation** on laboratory platforms wit standard 96-well plate manifolds, the use of Starter Set A is also required.

The **NucleoSpin® 8 Tissue** kit can be used **manually** with the NucleoVac 96 Vacuum Manifold (see ordering information, section 6.2).

Establish a reliable vacuum source for the NucleoVac 96 Vacuum Manifold. The manifold may be used with a vacuum pump, house vacuum, or water aspirator. We recommend a vacuum of -0.2 to -0.4 bar (reduction of atmospheric pressure). The use of the NucleoVac Vacuum Regulator (see ordering information) is recommended. Alternatively, adjust the vacuum so that during the purification the sample flows through the column with a rate of 1 – 2 drops per second. Depending on the amount of sample being used, the vacuum times may need to be increased for complete filtration.

Additionally, a suitable centrifuge for sample preparation steps may be required.

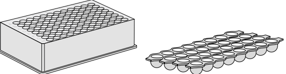
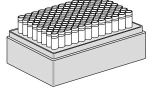
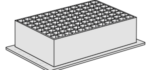
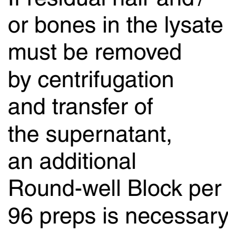
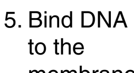
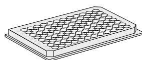
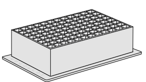
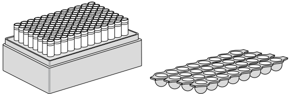
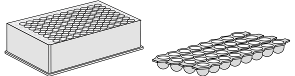
For general consumables and equipment needed, please see section 1.2.

2.4 Accessories supplied for use of the NucleoSpin® 8 Tissue Core Kit

The NucleoSpin® 8 Tissue Core Kit provides buffers, Proteinase K, and NucleoSpin® Tissue Binding Strips. Accessory plates (e.g., lysis plates, elution plates) are not provided with the core kit. The reduced kit composition along with a variety of separately available accessories, allow optimal adjustment of the kit to individual user needs. The user can select additional consumables according to his / her requirements for highest flexibility.

For use of **NucleoSpin® 8 Tissue Core Kit**, follow the standard protocols (see section 5.1 and 5.2).

Recommended accessories for use of the **NucleoSpin® 8 Tissue Core Kit** are available from MACHEREY-NAGEL (see ordering information).

Protocol step	Suitable consumables, not supplied with the core kits	Remarks
1. Lyse samples	8 x Round-well Block with Cap Strips per 48 × 8 preps  or 8 x Rack of Tube Strips with Cap Strips per 48 × 8 preps  or 8 x MN Square-well Block per 48 × 8 preps 	If residual hair and / or bones in the lysate must be removed by centrifugation and transfer of the supernatant, an additional Round-well Block per 96 preps is necessary. 
5. Bind DNA to the membrane 	8 x MN Wash Plate per 48 × 8 preps 	MN Wash Plate minimizes the risk of cross contamination (vacuum processing).
	2 x MN Square-well Block 	For waste collection during centrifugation (reusable).
8. Elute DNA	4 x Rack of Tube Strips with Cap Strips per 4 × 96 preps  or 8 x Round-well Block with Cap Strips per 48 × 8 preps 	Round-well Blocks and Tube Strips can be closed with Cap Strips

Protocol step	Suitable consumables, not supplied with the core kits	Remarks
	or 8 x Round-well Block Low per 48 × 8 preps	For processing under centrifugation

2.5 Automated processing on robotic platforms

NucleoSpin® 8 Tissue can be used fully automated on many common laboratory workstations. For the availability of scripts and general considerations about adapting **NucleoSpin® 8 Tissue** on a certain workstation, please contact MN. Full processing under vacuum enables complete automation without the need for centrifugation steps for drying of the binding membrane or for elution. However, a final elution step by centrifugation is recommended in order to achieve higher concentrated eluted DNA.

The risk of cross-contamination is reduced by optimized vacuum settings during the elution step and by the improved shape of the outlets of the NucleoSpin® Tissue Binding Strips.

Drying of the NucleoSpin® Tissue Binding Strips under vacuum is sufficient because the bottom of the strips is protected by the MN Wash Plate during the washing steps. As a result, it is recommended to integrate the MN Wash Plate into the automated procedure to protect against these wash buffer residues. The MN Frame (see ordering information) can be used to position the disposable MN Wash Plate inside the vacuum chamber. This also reduces the risk of cross-contamination, as common metal adaptors tend to get contaminated by gDNA. Thorough cleaning of the vacuum chamber is recommended after each run to prevent gDNA-containing aerosols from forming.

Visit MN online at ***www.mn-net.com*** or contact your local MACHEREY-NAGEL distributor for technical support regarding hardware, software, setup instructions, and selection of the protocol. Several application notes of the NucleoSpin® 8 Tissue kit on various liquid handling instruments can also be found at ***www.mn-net.com*** at Bioanalysis / Literature.

2.6 Elution procedures

It is possible to adjust the elution method and the volume of the elution buffer to the subsequent application of interest. In addition, to the standard method described in the protocols (recovery rate about 70 – 90 %) there are several modifications possible. Use elution buffer preheated at 70 °C for one of the following procedures:

- **High yield:** Perform two elution steps with the volume indicated in the individual protocol. About 90 – 100 % of bound nucleic acids can be eluted.
- **High concentration:** Perform one elution step with only 60 % of the volume indicated in the individual protocol. Concentration of DNA will be about 30 % higher than with the standard elution procedure. Maximum yield of bound nucleic acids is about 80 %.
- **High yield and high concentration:** Apply half the volume of elution buffer as indicated in the individual protocol, incubate for 3 min and centrifuge. Apply a second aliquot of elution buffer, incubate and centrifuge again. Thus, about 85 – 100 % of bound nucleic acids are eluted in the standard elution volume at a high concentration.
- **Convenient elution:** For convenience, elution buffer of ambient temperature may be used. This will result in a slightly lower yield (approximately 20 %) compared to elution with heated elution buffer.

Elution may also be performed with Tris-EDTA-buffer (TE) of pH equal or higher than 8. This will increase DNA stability during long term or multi-use storage at 4 °C (or ambient temperature) by inhibiting omnipresent DNases. However, EDTA interferes, depending on the final concentration, with certain downstream applications.

For optimal performance of isolated DNA in downstream applications, we recommend eluting with the supplied elution buffer and storing it, especially long term, at -20 °C. Several freeze-thaw cycles will not interfere with most downstream applications.

Performance of long-range PCR (e.g., > 10 kb) or the detection limit of trace amount of DNA species, may be reduced after multiple freeze-thaw cycles or prolonged storage of eluted DNA at 4 °C or room temperature. This is due to shearing of DNA or adsorption to surfaces.

Due to the dead volume of the silica membrane, please note that the difference between the dispensed elution buffer volume and the recovered elution buffer volume containing genomic DNA is approximately 20 µL (recovered elution volume = dispensed elution volume -20 µL).

3 Storage conditions and preparation of working solutions

Attention: *Buffer BQ1 and BW contain chaotropic salts. Wear gloves and goggles!*

CAUTION: Buffers BQ1 and BW contain guanidine hydrochloride which can form highly reactive compounds when combined with bleach (sodium hypochlorite). DO NOT add bleach or acidic solutions directly to the sample-preparation waste.

Storage conditions:

- All components of the **NucleoSpin® 8 Tissue** kits should be stored at 15 – 25 °C for a maximum of 1 year. Storage at lower temperatures may cause precipitation of salts. If a salt precipitation is observed, incubate the bottle at 30 – 40 °C for some minutes and mix well until all of the precipitate is redissolved. The performance of the kits is not affected by the salt precipitates.

Before starting any **NucleoSpin® 8 Tissue** protocol, prepare the following:

- **Wash Buffer B5:** Add the indicated volume of ethanol (96 – 100 %) to **Buffer B5 Concentrate** before use. Mark the label of the bottle to indicate that ethanol was added. Store **Wash Buffer B5** at 15 – 25 °C for up to one year.
- Before first use of the kit, add the indicated volume of **Proteinase Buffer PB** to lyophilized **Proteinase K**. Proteinase K solution is stable at - 20 °C for up to 6 months.

	NucleoSpin® 8 Tissue	**NucleoSpin® 8 Tissue**	**NucleoSpin® 8 Tissue Core Kit**
REF	**12 × 8 preps 740740**	**60 × 8 preps 740740.5**	**4 × 96 preps 740453.5**
Wash Buffer B5 (Concentrate)	50 mL Add 200 mL ethanol	2 × 100 mL Add 400 mL ethanol to each bottle	2 × 100 mL Add 400 mL ethanol to each bottle
Proteinase K (lyophilized)	75 mg Add 2.6 mL Proteinase Buffer PB	4 × 75 mg Add 2.6 mL Proteinase Buffer PB to each vial	4 × 75 mg Add 2.6 mL Proteinase Buffer PB to each vial

4 Safety instructions

When working with the **NucleoSpin® 8 Tissue** or **NucleoSpin® 8 Tissue Core kit** wear suitable protective clothing (e.g., lab coat, disposable gloves, and protective goggles). For more information consult the appropriate Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS available online at http://***www.mn-net.com/msds***).

Caution: Guanidin hydrochloride in Buffer BQ1 and buffer AW can form highly reactive compounds when combined with bleach! Thus, do not add bleach or acidic solutions directly to the sample preparation waste.

The waste generated with the **NucleoSpin® 8 Tissue** or **NucleoSpin® 8 Tissue Core kit** has not been tested for residual infectious material. A contamination of the liquid waste with residual infectious material is highly unlikely due to strong denaturing lysis buffer and Proteinase K treatment but it cannot be excluded completely. Therefore, liquid waste must be considered infectious and should be handled and discarded according local safety regulations.

4.1 Disposal

Dispose hazardous, infectious or biologically contaminated materials in a safe and acceptable manner and in accordance with all local and regulatory requirements.

5 Protocols

5.1 NucleoSpin® 8 Tissue – centrifuge processing

- For hardware requirements, refer to section 2.3.
- For detailed information on each step, see page 16.
- For use of the NucleoSpin® 8 Tissue Core Kit (REF 740453.5), refer to section 2.4 regarding recommended accessories.

Before starting the preparation:

- Check if Buffer B5 and Proteinase K were prepared according to section 3.
- Set incubator or oven to 56 °C.
- Preheat Elution Buffer BE to 70 °C.

Protocol-at-a-glance

1	**Prepare** samples	**2 × 0.5 cm mouse tail** **or** **up to 20 mg tissue,** **10^6 cultured cells, or bacteria**
2	**Lyse** samples	**180 µL T1** **25 µL Proteinase K** **Mix** **56 °C, ≥ 6 h**
3	**Adjust** DNA binding conditions	**200 µL BQ1** **200 µL ethanol (96 – 100 %)** **Mix**
4	**Transfer** lysates to NucleoSpin® Tissue Binding Strips	
5	**Bind** DNA to silica membrane of the NucleoSpin® Tissue Binding Strips	**5,600 x *g*,** **10 min**
6	**Wash** silica membrane	**500 µL BW** **5,600 x *g*,** **2 min** **700 µL B5** **5,600 x *g*,** **4 min**

7	**Dry** silica membrane	**70 °C, 10 min**
8	**Elute** DNA	**100 µL BE (70 °C)** **5,600 x *g*, 2 min** *Optional: Repeat elution step once.*

Detailed protocol

- For processing under centrifugation, the Starter Kit C and a suitable centrifuge are required (see section 2.3). For handling of the 8-well strips and the column holders, refer to the protocol of the Starter Kit C.
- The use of NucleoSpin® Tissue Binding Strips in a Column Holder C allows the isolation of up to n x 8 samples (n = 1 to 6). Insert as many of the NucleoSpin® Tissue Binding Strips as required into the same positions of each one of the two reusable column holders and place column holders onto the MN Square-well Blocks. Label the column holders or 8-well strips for later identification. Always use 2 Column Holders C containing identical numbers of NucleoSpin® Tissue Binding Strips for centrifugation. This avoids the need to balance the centrifuge, and allows multiples of 16 samples to be processed in parallel. We recommend inserting the NucleoSpin® Tissue Binding Strips around the center of the column holder
- For use of the NucleoSpin® 8 Tissue Core Kit (REF 740453.5), refer to section 2.4 regarding recommended accessories.

Before starting the preparation:

- Check if Buffer B5 and Proteinase K were prepared according to section 3.
- Set incubator or oven to 56 °C.
- Preheat Elution Buffer BE to 70 °C.

1 Prepare samples

For each preparation, cut up to two 0.5 cm pieces (20 mg) of mouse tail into appropriate lysis tubes or plates. If preparing DNA from rat tails, one 0.5 cm piece is sufficient. Tissue samples should not exceed 20 mg, cultured cells and bacteria should not exceed 10^6 cells.

2 Lyse samples

Prepare a Proteinase K working solution: For each sample, mix **25 µL Proteinase K** with **180 µL Buffer T1** and vortex. Transfer 200 µL of the resulting solution to each lysis tube containing the samples. Close the individual tubes and mix by vogorous shaking for 10–15 s. Spin briefly (15 s; 1,500 x *g*) to collect any sample at the bottom of the wells.

The samples must be submerged in the solution. Never prepare the Proteinase K working solution more than 15 min before addition to the samples. Proteinase K tends to self digestion when incubated in Buffer T1 without substrate.

Incubate the tubes / plate containing the samples at **56 °C** for **at least 6 h** (for mammalian cells reduce incubation to 10 min, bacterial cells may require pre-lysis with, e.g., lysozyme) or overnight until the samples are completely lysed. For optimal lysis, mix occasionally during incubation. Make sure that the lysis tubes / plates are securely closed. When using Rack of Tube Strips, place a weight on top in order to prevent the Cap Strips from popping off occasionally.

After lysis, set the incubator to 70 °C for the membrane drying step.

Centrifuge the tubes / plate (15 s; 1,500 x *g*) to collect any condensate from the lid of tubes / plate.

Residual hair and / or bones in the lysate can be removed by centrifugation (2 min; 5,600–6,000 x g) and transfer of the supernatant to new microtubes or to a new Rack of Tube Strips (not supplied with the kit).

3 Adjust DNA binding conditions

Add **200 µL Buffer BQ1** and **200 µL 96–100 % ethanol** to each sample. Again, take care not to moisten the rims of the individual wells while dispensing the buffer. Close the tubes / plate. Mix by vigorous shaking for 10–15 s. Spin briefly (10 s; 1,500 x *g*) to collect any sample from the lid.

Ethanol and Buffer BQ1 can be premixed before addition to the samples, if the mixture is to be used during the next 3 months. Never centrifuge at higher g-forces or for longer periods as DNA will precipitate.

Insert desired number of NucleoSpin® Tissue Binding Strips in the Column Holder C and place it on an MN Square-well Block for collection of flow-through.

If using more than one plate, label the plates for later identification.

4 Transfer lysates

Transfer the lysates resulting from step 2 carefully into the wells of the NucleoSpin® Tissue Binding Strips. When using the Rack of Tube Strips for lysis, remove the first Cap Strip and transfer lysates before removing the next Cap Strip. Do not moisten the rims of the individual wells while dispensing the samples – moistened rims may cause cross contamination during centrifugation. After transfer seal the openings of the inserted NucleoSpin® Tissue Binding Strips with Self-adhering PE Foil.

5 Bind DNA to silica membrane

Place the MN Square-well Block with Column Holder C onto the centrifuge carriers and insert them into the rotor buckets. Centrifuge at **5,600 – 6,000 x *g*** for **10 min**.

Typically, the lysates will have passed through the silica membrane within a few minutes. The centrifugation process can be extended to 20 min, if the lysates have not passed completely.

6 Wash silica membrane

1st wash

Remove the Self-adhering PE Foil and add **500 µL Buffer BW t**o each well of the NucleoSpin® Tissue Binding Strips. Seal strips with a new Self-adhering PE Foil and centrifuge again at **5,600 – 6,000 x *g*** for **2 min**.

2nd wash

Remove the Self-adhering PE Foil and add **700 µL Buffer B5** to each well of the NucleoSpin® Tissue Binding Strips. Seal strips with a new Self-adhering PE Foil and centrifuge again at **5,600 – 6,000 x *g*** for **4 min**.

During this step, as much ethanolic Buffer B5 as possible is removed by centrifugation.

7 Dry silica membrane

Remove the Self-adhering PE Foil and place the Column Holder C holding the NucleoSpin® Tissue Binding Strips on an opened Rack of Tube Strips. Place it in an incubator for **10 min** at **70 °C** to evaporate residual ethanol.

Removal of ethanol by evaporation at 70 °C is more effective than prolonged centrifugation.

Note: The ethanol in Buffer B5 may inhibit enzymatic reactions and should be removed completely before eluting DNA.

8 Elute DNA

Dispense **100 µL preheated Buffer BE (70 °C)** to each well of the NucleoSpin® Tissue Binding Strips. Dispense the buffer directly onto the membrane. Incubate at room temperature for 1 min. Centrifuge at **5,600 – 6,000 x *g*** for **2 min**. Repeat elution step once. Remove Column Holder C with inserted NucleoSpin® Tissue Binding Strips from the Rack of Tube Strips. For alternative elution procedures see section 2.3.

If elution in small volume tubes is desired, place a 96 PCR plate (not supplied) on top of a Round-well Block or a Rack of Tube Strips and elute into the PCR plate.

5.2 NucleoSpin® 8 Tissue – vacuum processing

- For hardware requirements, refer to section 2.3.
- For detailed information regarding the vacuum manifold setup, see page 20.
- For detailed information on each step, see page 21.
- For use of the NucleoSpin® 96 Tissue Core Kit (REF 740454.4), refer to section 2.4 regarding recommended accessories.

Before starting the preparation:

- Check if Buffer B5 and Proteinase K were prepared according to section 3.
- Set incubator or oven to 56 °C.
- Preheat Elution Buffer BE to 70 °C.

Protocol-at-a-glance

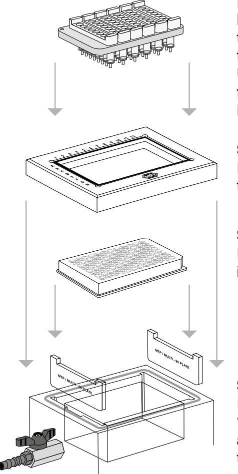
1	**Prepare** samples	**2 × 0.5 cm mouse tail** **or** **up to 20 mg tissue,** **10^6 cultured cells, or bacteria**
2	**Lyse** samples	**180 µL T1** **25 µL Proteinase K** **Mix** **56 °C, ≥ 6 h**
3	**Adjust** DNA binding conditions	**200 µL BQ1** **200 µL ethanol (96 – 100 %)** **Mix** **Prepare the NucleoVac 96 Vacuum Manifold**
4	**Transfer** lysates to NucleoSpin® Tissue Binding Strips	
5	**Bind** DNA to silica membrane of the NucleoSpin® Tissue Binding Strips	**- 0.2 bar*,** **5 min**
6	**Wash** silica membrane	**600 µL BW** **900 µL B5** **900 µL B5 – 0.2 bar*,** **5 min each step** **Remove MN Wash Plate**

* Reduction of atmospheric pressure

7	**Dry** silica membrane	**- 0.6 bar*, 10 min**
8	**Elute** DNA	**100 µL BE (70 °C)** **- 0.4 bar*, 2 min** *<u>Optional:</u> Repeat elution step once*

Setup of vacuum manifold:

Binding / Washing steps

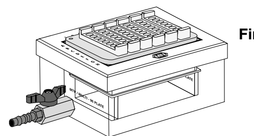


Step 4:
Place the NucleoSpin® Binding Strips inserted the Column Holder A on top of the manifold lid. Unused rows have to be filled with NucleoSpin® Dummy Strips.

Step 3:
Place the manifold lid on top of the manifold base.

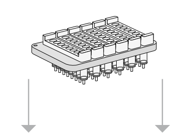
Step 2:
Place the MN Wash Plate in the manifold.

Step 1:
Insert spacers 'MTP/MULTI-96 PLATE' and waste container in the manifold base.



Final setup

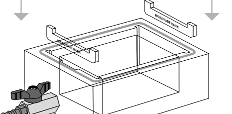
Elution step



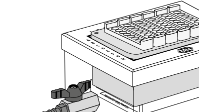
Step 4:
Place the NucleoSpin® Binding Strips inserted the Column Holder A on top of the manifold lid. Unused rows have to be filled with NucleoSpin® Dummy Strips.

Step 3:
Place the manifold lid on top of the manifold base.

Step 2:
Place the Rack of Tube Strips in the manifold.



Step 1:
Insert spacers 'MICROTUBE RACK' in the manifold base.



Final setup

Detailed protocol

- For hardware requirements, refer to section 2.3.
- For processing of NucleoSpin® 8 Tissue under vacuum, the NucleoVac 96 Vacuum Manifold and the Starter Kit A are required (see ordering information). Starter Kit A contains the Column Holders A and NucleoSpin® Dummy Strips to seal unused rows.
- The use of NucleoSpin® Tissue Binding Strips in a Column Holder A allows the isolation of up to n x 8 samples (n = 1 to 6). Insert as many NucleoSpin® Tissue Binding Strips as required into the reusable column holder. Seal unused wells of NucleoSpin® Tissue Binding Strips with Self-adhering PE-Foil and close unused wells with Dummy Strips. Place the Column Holder on the NucleoVac 96 manifold.
- For use of the NucleoSpin® 8 Tissue Core Kit (REF 740453.4), refer to section 2.4 regarding recommended accessories.

Before starting the preparation:

- Check if Buffer B5 and Proteinase K were prepared according to section 3.
- Set incubator or oven to 56 °C.
- Preheat Elution Buffer BE to 70 °C.

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1 Prepare samples

For each preparation, cut up to two 0.5 cm pieces (20 mg) of mouse tail into appropriate lysis tubes or plates. If preparing DNA from rat tails, one 0.5 cm piece is sufficient. Tissue samples should not exceed 20 mg, cultured cells and bacteria should not exceed 10^6 cells.

---

2 Lyse samples

Prepare a Proteinase K working solution: For each sample, mix **25 µL Proteinase K** with **180 µL Buffer T1** and vortex. Transfer 200 µL of the resulting solution to each lysis tube containing the samples. Close the individual tubes and mix by vigorous shaking for 10 – 15 s. Spin briefly (15 s; 1,500 x *g*) to collect any sample at the bottom of the wells.

The samples must be submerged in the solution. Never prepare the Proteinase K working solution more than 15 min before addition to the samples. Proteinase K tends to self digestion when incubated in Buffer T1 without substrate.

Incubate the tubes / plate containing the samples at **56 °C** for **at least 6 h** (for mammalian cells reduce incubation to 10 min, bacterial cells may require pre-lysis with, e.g., lysozyme) or overnight until the samples are completely lysed. For optimal lysis, mix occasionally during incubation. Make sure that the lysis tubes/plate are securely closed. When using Rack of Tube Strips place a weight on top in order to prevent the Cap Strips from popping off occasionally.

Centrifuge the tubes/plate (15 s; 1,500 x *g*) to collect any condensate from the lid of the tube/plate.

Residual hair and / or bones in the lysate can be removed by centrifugation (2 min; 5,600 –6,000 x g) and transfer of the supernatant to new microtubes or a new Rack of Tube Strips (not supplied with the kit).

3 Adjust DNA binding conditions

Add **200 µL Buffer BQ1** and **200 µL 96 – 100 %** ethanol to each sample. Again, take care not to moisten the rims of the individual wells while dispensing the buffer. Close the tubes/plate. Mix by vigorous shaking for 10 – 15 s. Spin briefly (10 s; 1,500 x *g*) to collect any sample from the lid.

Ethanol and Buffer BQ1 can be premixed before addition to the samples, if the mixture is to be used up during the next 3 months. Never centrifuge at higher g-forces or for longer periods as DNA will precipitate.

Prepare the NucleoVac 96 Vacuum Manifold:

Place waste tray into vacuum manifold base. Insert spacers labeled 'MTP/MULTI-96 PLATE' notched side up and place the MN Wash Plate on them. Close the manifold with the manifold lid.

Insert desired number of NucleoSpin® Tissue Binding Strips in the Column Holder A. Use NucleoSpin® Dummy Strips to seal unused positions in the column holder.

Place Column Holder A with inserted NucleoSpin® Tissue Binding Strips on top of the manifold.

4 Transfer lysates

Transfer the lysates resulting from step 2 carefully into the wells of the NucleoSpin® Tissue Binding Strips. When using the Rack of Tube Strips remove the first Cap Strip and transfer lysates before removing the next Cap Strip. Do not moisten the rims of the individual wells while dispensing the samples – moistened rims may cause cross contamination.

5 Bind DNA to silica membrane

Apply vacuum until all lysates have passed through the wells of the NucleoSpin® Tissue Binding Strips **(-0.2 bar*; 5 min)**. Release the vacuum.

6 Wash silica membrane*

1st wash

Add **600 μL** Buffer BW** to each well of the NucleoSpin® Tissue Binding Strips. Apply vacuum **(-0.2 bar*; 5 min)** until all buffer has passed through the wells of the NucleoSpin® Tissue Binding Strips. Release the vacuum.

2nd wash

Add **900 μL** Buffer B5** to each well of the NucleoSpin® Tissue Binding Strips. Apply vacuum **(-0.2 bar*; 5 min)** until all buffer has passed through the wells of the NucleoSpin® Tissue Binding Strips. Release the vacuum.

3rd wash

Add **900 μL** Buffer B5** to each well of the NucleoSpin® Tissue Binding Strips. Apply vacuum **(-0.2 bar*; 5 min)** until all buffer has passed through the wells of the NucleoSpin® Tissue Binding Strips. Release the vacuum.

Remove MN Wash Plate

After the final washing step close the valve, release the vacuum and remove the Column Holder A with inserted NucleoSpin® Tissue Binding Strips from the vacuum manifold. Put it on a clean paper towel to remove residual EtOH-containing wash buffer. Remove manifold lid, MN Wash Plate, and waste container from the vacuum manifold.

7 Dry silica membrane

Insert Column Holder A with the NucleoSpin® Tissue Binding Strips again into the lid and close the manifold. Apply maximum vacuum **(at least -0.6 bar*)** for 10 min to dry the membrane completely. This step is necessary to eliminate traces of ethanol.

Note: The ethanol in Buffer B5 inhibits enzymatic reactions and has to be removed completely before eluting DNA.

Finally, release the vacuum.

* Reduction of atmospheric pressure

** Buffer volumes are increased compared to processing under centrifugation to improve washing efficiency under vacuum.

8 Elute DNA

Insert spacers 'MICROTUBE RACK' into the NucleoVac 96 Vacuum Manifold's short sides. Place a Rack of Tube Strips onto the spacer. Close the vacuum manifold and place the Column Holder A with the NucleoSpin® Tissue Binding Strips on top. Dispense **100 μL preheated (70 °C) Buffer BE** directly to the bottom of each well. **Incubate** for **3 min** at room temperature. Apply vacuum for elution **(-0.4 bar*; 2 min)**. Release vacuum and repeat elution step once. For alternative elution procedures see section 2.3.

Finally, close Tube Strips with Cap Strips for storage.

Centrifuge the Rack of Tube Strips shortly to collect all sample at the bottom of the Tube Strips.

* Reduction of atmospheric pressure

6 Appendix

6.1 Troubleshooting

Problem	Possible cause and suggestions
No or poor DNA yield	*Incomplete lysis* • Sample has not completely been submerged during heat incubation. Cut samples into small pieces. Mix well. Be sure that the samples are fully submerged in Buffer T1 / Proteinase K mixture. Incubate until the samples are completely lysed. • Buffer T1 and Proteinase K have been premixed more than 15 min before addition to the substrate. Proteinase K tends to self digestion under optimal reaction conditions in Buffer T1 without substrate. *Reagents not applied properly* • Prepare Buffer B5 and Proteinase K solution according to instructions (see section 3). Add Buffer BQ1 and ethanol to the lysates before loading them to the wells of the NucleoSpin® Tissue Binding Strips. *Suboptimal elution of DNA from the column* • Preheat Buffer BE to 70 °C before elution. Apply Buffer BE directly onto the center of the silica membrane. • Elution efficiencies decrease dramatically if elution is done with buffers with pH < 7. Use slightly alkaline elution buffer like Buffer BE (pH 8.5).
RNA contamination	*RNA in sample* • If DNA free of RNA is desired, cool down to room temperature after lysis incubation and add 20 µL of an RNase A solution (20 mg/mL; see ordering information). Incubate for 15 min with moderate shaking.

Problem	Possible cause and suggestions
Poor performance of genomic DNA in enzymatic reactions	*Carry-over of ethanol* • After washing with Buffer B5, centrifuge ≥ 4 min at 5,600 – 6,000 x *g* in order to remove ethanolic Buffer B5 completely and evaporate residual ethanol by incubating the NucleoSpin® Tissue Binding Strips at 70 °C for 10 min. • Increase vacuum drying time to 15 min. *Contamination of DNA with inhibitory substances* • Do not elute DNA with TE buffer. EDTA may inhibit enzymatic reactions. Repurify DNA and elute in Buffer BE.
Clogged wells	*Too much starting material* • Repeat the procedure, using two mouse tail sections of maximally 4 – 6 mm length. If processing rat tails, one 0.5 cm long tail tip section is sufficient. *Hair or bones left in the lysate after step 2* • Centrifuge the Round-well Block for 3 min at 5,600 – 6,000 x *g*. Transfer lysates to a new Round-well Block without disturbing the debris pellet. *Incomplete passage of lysate in step 4* • If no more than 300 – 500 µL of lysate is remaining in the columns, continue with step 5. Through the addition of Buffer BW the sample is diluted and thus the sample will pass the column more easily.

6.2 Ordering information

Product	REF	Pack of
NucleoSpin® 8 Tissue	740740 740740.5	12 × 8 preps 60 × 8 preps
NucleoSpin® 8 Tissue Core Kit	740453.4	48 × 8 preps
NucleoSpin® 96 Tissue	740741.2 740741.2 740741.24	2 × 96 preps 4 × 96 preps 24 × 96 preps
NucleoSpin® 96 Tissue Core Kit	740454.4	4 × 96 preps
Buffer T1	740940.25	50 mL
Buffer BQ1	740923.1	1 L

Product	**REF**	**Pack of**
Buffer B5 Concentrate (for 500 mL Buffer B5)	740921.100	100 mL
Buffer BW	740922.500	500 mL
Proteinase K	740506	100 mg
RNase A (lyophilized)	740505	100 mg
MN Square-well Block	740476 740476.24	4 24
Rack of Tube Strips (1 set consists of 1 rack, 12 strips with 8 tubes each, and 12 Cap Strips)	740477 740477.24	4 sets 24 sets
Round-well Block (1 set consists of 1 Round-well Block and 12 Cap Strips)	740475 740475.24	4 sets 24 sets
Round-well Block Low (1 set consists of 1 Round-well Block Low and Self-adhering PE Foil)	740487 740487.24	4 sets 24 sets
MN Wash Plate	740479 740479.24	4 24
Cap Strips	740478 740478.24	48 288
Starter Set A (for processing NucleoSpin® 8-well strips on NucleoVac 96 Vacuum Manifold)	740682	1
Starter Set C (for processing NucleoSpin® 8-well strips under centrifugation)	740684	1
MN Frame	740680	1
NucleoVac 96 Vacuum Manifold	740681	1
NucleoVac Vacuum Regulator	740641	1
Self-adhering PE Foil	740676	50

Visit ***www.mn-net.com*** for more detailed product information.

6.3 Product use restriction / warranty

All MACHEREY-NAGEL products are designed for their intended use only. They are not intended to be used for any other purpose. The description of the intended use of the products can be found in the original MACHEREY-NAGEL product leaflets. Before using our products, please observe the instructions for use and the safety instructions from the respective Material Safety Data Sheet of the product.

This MACHEREY-NAGEL product is carrying documentation stating specifications and other technical information. MACHEREY-NAGEL warrants to meet the stated specifications. The provided warranty is limited to the data specifications and descriptions as given in the original MACHEREY-NAGEL literature. No other statements or representations, written or oral, by MACHEREY-NAGEL's employees, agents or representatives, except written statements signed by a duly authorized officer of MACHEREY-NAGEL are authorized. They should not be relied upon by the costumer and are not a part of a contract of sale or of this warranty.

Liability for all possible damages that occur in any connection with our products is limited to the utmost minimum as stated in the general business terms and conditions of MACHEREY-NAGEL in their latest edition which can be taken from the company's website. MACHEREY-NAGEL does not assume any further warranty.

Products and their application are subject to change. Therefore, please contact our Technical Service Team for the latest information on MACHEREY-NAGEL products. You may also contact your local distributor for general scientific information. Descriptions in MACHEREY-NAGEL literature are provided for informational purposes only.

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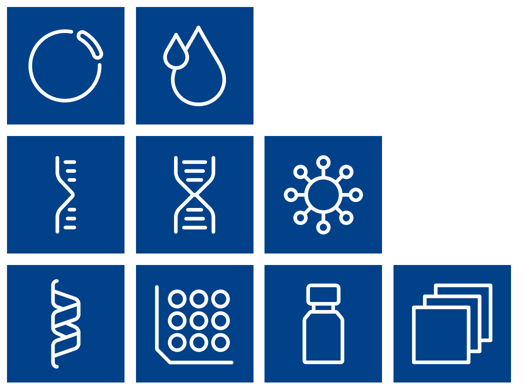
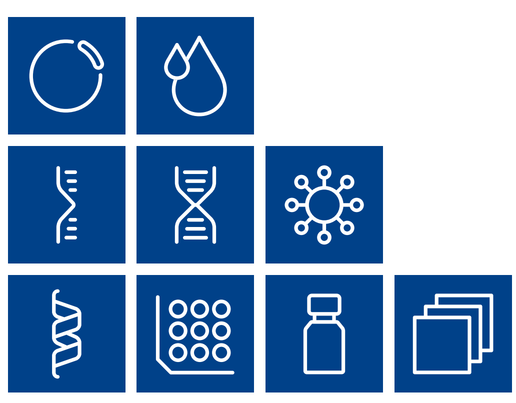


Plasmid DNA
Clean up
RNA
DNA
Viral RNA and DNA
Protein
High throughput
Accessories
Auxiliary tools



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